

F 4-11

$$r_{BC} = 4i - 4j - 2k$$

$$|r_{BC}| = \sqrt{4^2 + (-4)^2 + (-2)^2} = 6$$

$$u_{BC} = \frac{1}{6} (4i - 4j - 2k)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}i - \frac{2}{3}j - \frac{1}{3}k$$

$$F_{BC} = F \cdot u_{BC} = 120 \left( \frac{2}{3}i - \frac{2}{3}j - \frac{1}{3}k \right)$$

$$= (80i - 80j - 40k) \text{ lb}$$

$$r_{OB} = i + 4j + 2k$$

$$M_o = F_{BC} \times r_{OB} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 80 & -80 & -40 \\ 1 & 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= [-80(2) - (-40)(4)]i$$

$$- [80(2) - (-40)(1)]j + [80(4) - (-80)(1)]k$$

$$= (200j + 400k) \text{ lb-ft}$$

We could have used dot product to find angle between  $F_{BC}$  and  $r_{OB}$ , then used cross product  $|A||B|\sin\theta$ . This would give us magnitude of the moment, and not the vector.